

# 74AUP2G07

Low-power dual buffer with open-drain output

Rev. 03 — 16 October 2007

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74AUP2G07 provides two non-inverting buffers with open-drain output. The output of the device is an open drain and can be connected to other open-drain outputs to implement active-LOW wired-OR or active-HIGH wired-AND functions.

Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times across the entire V<sub>CC</sub> range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V<sub>CC</sub> range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I<sub>OFF</sub>. The I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

## 2. Features

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - ◆ JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114E Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101C exceeds 1000 V
- Low static-power consumption; I<sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 µA (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

### 3. Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information**

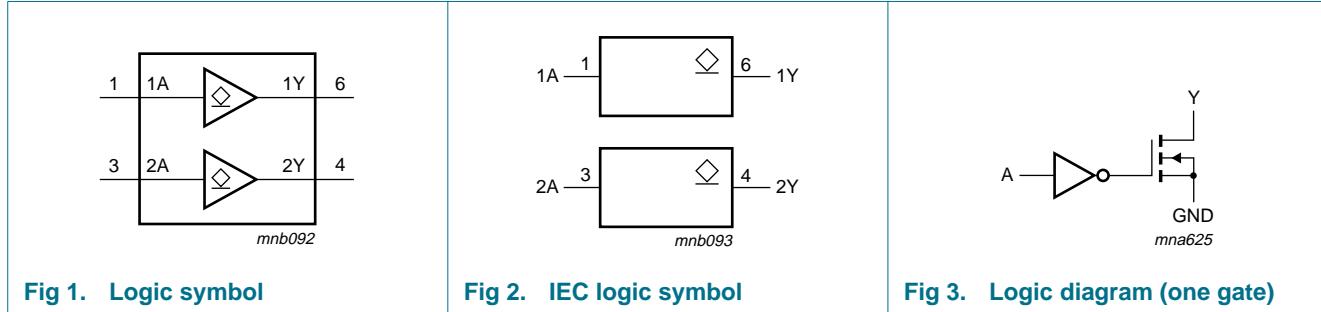
Type number	Package				Version
	Temperature range	Name	Description		
74AUP2G07GW	−40 °C to +125 °C	SC-88	plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads		SOT363
74AUP2G07GM	−40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm		SOT886
74AUP2G07GF	−40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1 × 0.5 mm		SOT891

### 4. Marking

**Table 2. Marking**

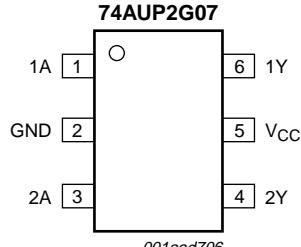
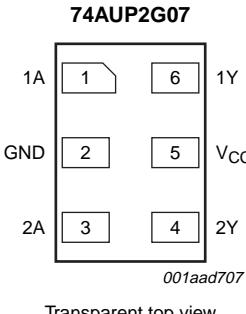
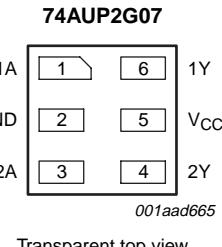
Type number	Marking code
74AUP2G07GW	p7
74AUP2G07GM	p7
74AUP2G07GF	p7

### 5. Functional diagram



## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning

 <p><b>Fig 4. Pin configuration SOT363-1 (SC-88)</b></p>	 <p><b>Fig 5. Pin configuration SOT886 (XSON6)</b></p>	 <p><b>Fig 6. Pin configuration SOT891 (XSON6)</b></p>
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### 6.2 Pin description

**Table 3. Pin description**

Symbol	Pin	Description
1A	1	data input
GND	2	ground (0 V)
2A	3	data input
2Y	4	data output
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	supply voltage
1Y	6	data output

## 7. Functional description

**Table 4. Function table<sup>[1]</sup>**

Input	Output
nA	nY
L	L
H	Z

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level;

Z = high-impedance OFF state.

## 8. Limiting values

**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-	-50	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>	-	20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-50	-	mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>TOT</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	[2] -	250	mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For SC-88 package: above 87.5 °C the value of P<sub>TOT</sub> derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.

For XSON6 packages: above 45 °C the value of P<sub>TOT</sub> derates linearly with 2.4 mW/K.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6. Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	input voltage		0	3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	0	3.6	V
T <sub>AMB</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

## 10. Static characteristics

**Table 7. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	µA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> ; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	-	-	40	µA
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	0.7	-	pF
C <sub>O</sub>	output capacitance	V <sub>O</sub> = GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	0.9	-	pF
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	µA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> ; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	-	±0.5	µA
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.6	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	µA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	-	-	50	µA
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.25 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 µA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.33 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.50	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	µA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> ; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	-	±0.75	µA

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	$V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ - 0.6 V; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V	-	-	75	$\mu A$

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
<b><math>C_L = 5 \text{ pF}</math></b>									
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	nA to nY; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	11.6	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.1	4.1	7.5	1.7	9.1	10.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	1.6	3.0	5.1	1.3	6.1	6.7	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	1.6	2.7	4.0	1.2	5.0	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.1	2.1	3.2	0.9	4.0	4.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.4	2.2	2.8	1.1	3.3	3.6	ns
<b><math>C_L = 10 \text{ pF}</math></b>									
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	nA to nY; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	14.7	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	3.0	5.1	9.0	2.4	11.2	12.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.3	3.8	6.1	2.0	7.4	8.1	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.4	3.6	4.8	1.8	6.1	6.7	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7	2.8	3.8	1.3	4.8	5.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.2	3.1	4.2	1.6	4.5	5.0	ns
<b><math>C_L = 15 \text{ pF}</math></b>									
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	nA to nY; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	17.7	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	3.5	6.1	10.4	3.2	13.1	14.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.0	4.5	6.8	2.6	8.6	9.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.8	4.4	6.7	2.2	7.8	8.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	2.4	3.4	4.5	1.9	5.3	5.8	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.2	4.0	5.7	1.9	6.1	6.7	ns

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF</b>									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nA to nY; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a>	[2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	26.7	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.8	9.0	15.6	4.3	18.8	20.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	4.1	6.7	9.4	3.7	11.8	13.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.8	6.8	9.7	3.2	11.0	12.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.7	5.2	6.7	3.0	7.1	7.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.6	6.4	9.7	2.8	10.4	11.4	ns
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF</b>									
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	f <sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	[3][4]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	0.7	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.[2] t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PLZ</sub>.

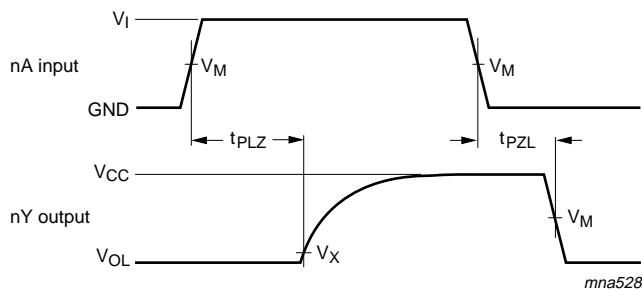
[3] All specified values are the average typical values over all stated loads.

[4] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in  $\mu$ W).P<sub>D</sub> = C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>i</sub> × N + Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) where:f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz;C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF;V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

Σ(C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) = sum of the outputs.

## 12. Waveforms



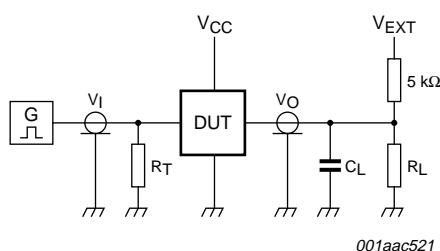
Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).

Logic level:  $V_{OL}$  is the typical output voltage drops that occur with the output load.

**Fig 7. The data input (nA) to output (nY) propagation delays**

**Table 9. Measurement points**

Supply voltage	Input	Output	
$V_{CC}$	$V_M$	$V_M$	$V_X$
0.8 V to 1.6 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.1 \text{ V}$
1.65 V to 2.7 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$
3.0 V to 3.6 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$



Test data is given in [Table 10](#).

Definitions for test circuit:

$R_L$  = Load resistance.

$C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

$R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator.

$V_{EXT}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

**Fig 8. Load circuitry for switching times**

**Table 10. Test data**

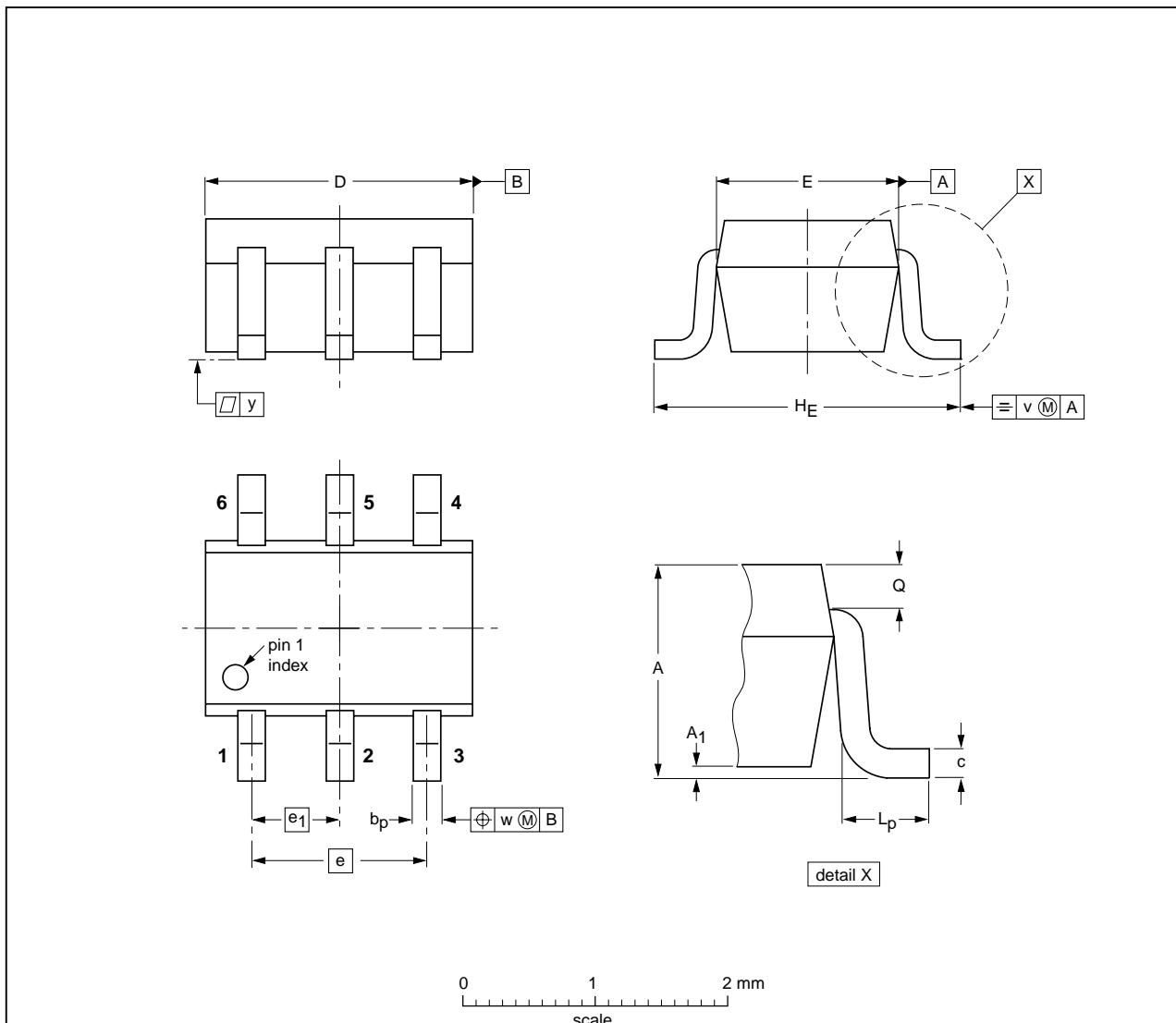
Supply voltage	Input		Load		$V_{EXT}$			
$V_{CC}$	$V_I$	$t_r, t_f$	$C_L$	$R_L$ <sup>[1]</sup>	$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$	
0.8 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC}$	$\leq 3 \text{ ns}$	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$	

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ , for measuring propagation delays, set-up and hold times and pulse width  $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ .

## 13. Package outline

Plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads

SOT363



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	$A_1$ max	$b_p$	c	D	E	e	$e_1$	$H_E$	$L_p$	Q	v	w	y
mm	1.1 0.8	0.1	0.30 0.20	0.25 0.10	2.2 1.8	1.35 1.15	1.3	0.65	2.2 2.0	0.45 0.15	0.25 0.15	0.2	0.2	0.1

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT363			SC-88			-04-11-08- 06-03-16

Fig 9. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1.45 x 0.5 mm

SOT886

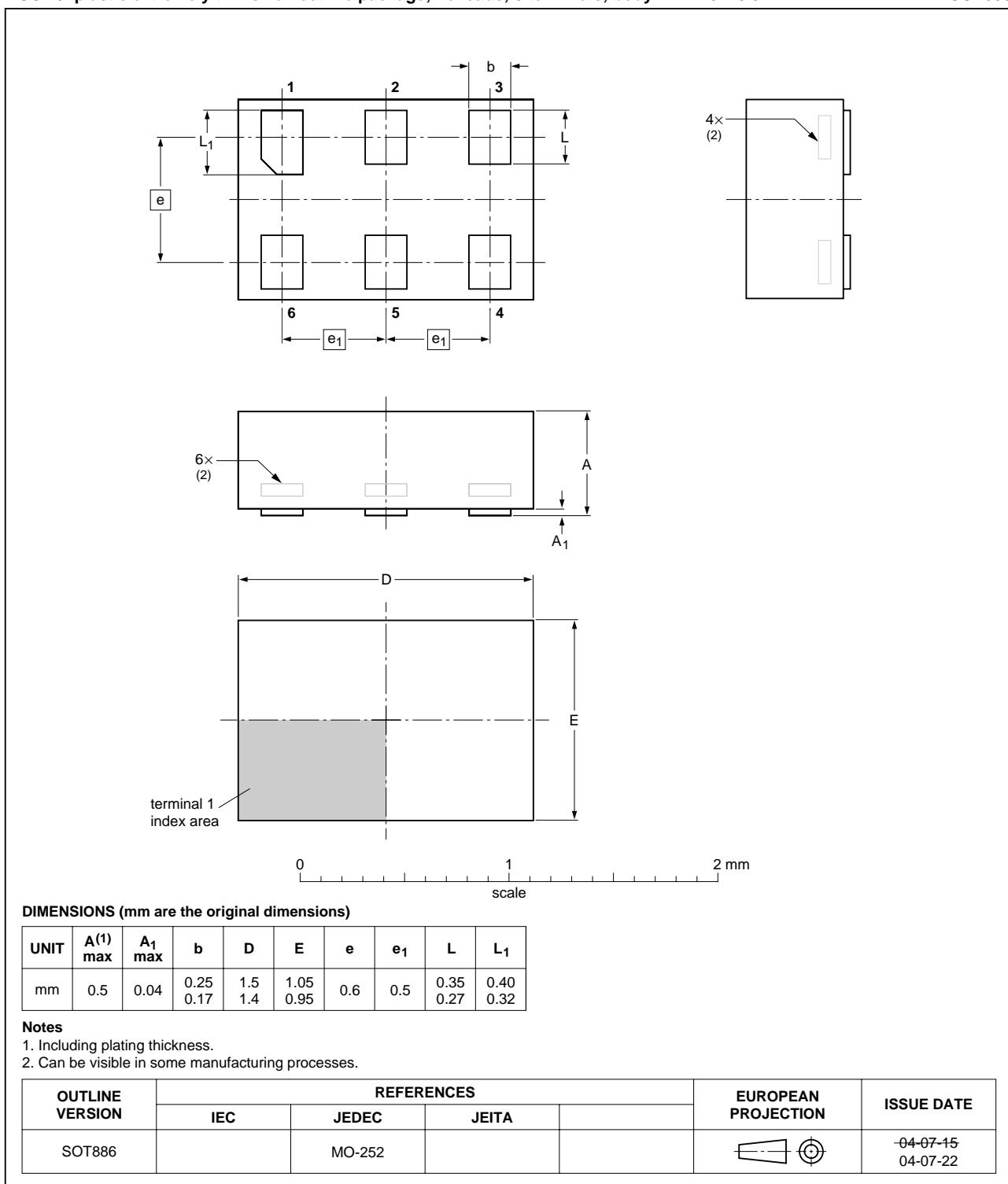
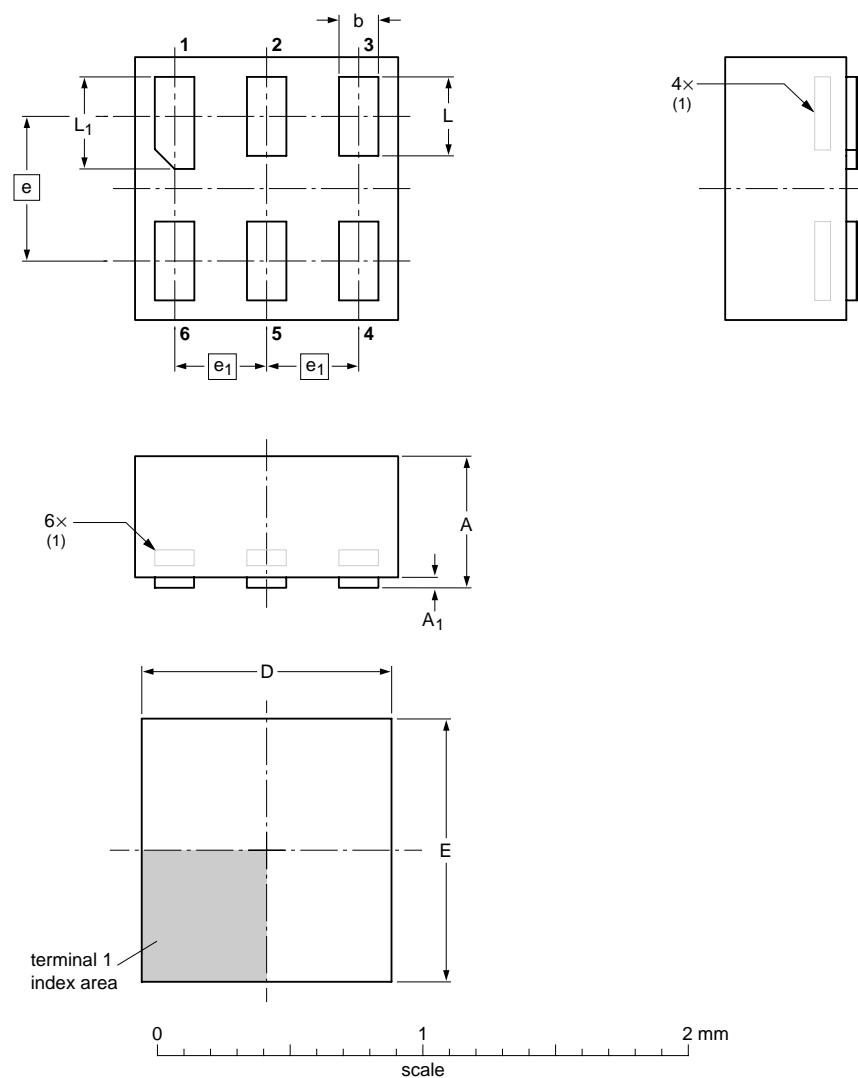


Fig 10. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1 x 0.5 mm

SOT891



## DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max	A <sub>1</sub> max	b	D	E	e	e <sub>1</sub>	L	L <sub>1</sub>
mm	0.5	0.04	0.20 0.12	1.05 0.95	1.05 0.95	0.55	0.35	0.35 0.27	0.40 0.32

## Note

1. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT891						-05-04-06 07-05-15

Fig 11. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

## 14. Abbreviations

**Table 11. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

## 15. Revision history

**Table 12. Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP2G07_3	20071016	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G07_2
Modifications:				
		• <a href="#">Table 7</a> : Values for $C_L$ and $C_O$ have changed.		
		• <a href="#">Section 11</a> : $C_{PD}$ values have changed.		
74AUP2G07_2	20070612	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G07_1
Modifications:				
		• Added $I_{OZ}$ in Section 10 and Table 7		
74AUP2G07_1	20061121	Product data sheet	-	-

## 16. Legal information

### 16.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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Date of release: 16 October 2007

Document identifier: 74AUP2G07\_3